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APPLICATION NO.	l i	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/686,893	•	10/16/2003	Hidetoshi Ishida	YAO-3990US3	8582
23122	7590	05/10/2006	EXAMINER		INER
RATNERI	PRESTIA	_	JEFFERSON, QUOVAUNDA		
P O BOX 9				ADTIBUT	DARED MILLIANED
VALLEY F	ORGE, P	PA 19482-0980	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				2823	
				DATE MAILED: 05/10/200	DATE MAILED: 05/10/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Comment	10/686,893	ISHIDA ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Quovaunda Jefferson	2823					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status	•						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
	action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar		secution as to the merits is					
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
	•						
Disposition of Claims		•					
4) Claim(s) <u>8-11</u> is/are pending in the application.		•					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
,	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>8-11</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.	•					
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
•							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on April 24, 2006 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

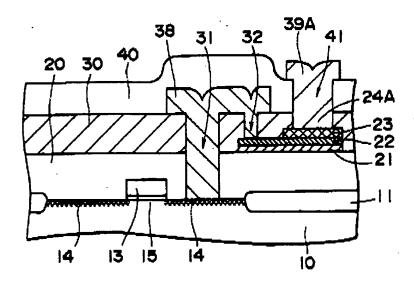
(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 8-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Isobe et al, US Patent 6,114,199 in view of Joo et al, US Patent 5,874,379. See Isobe figure directly below.

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ISOBE FIGURE

Regarding claims 8-11, Isobe teaches a semiconductor device having a titanium material layer 22 and a silicon oxide layer 20 (column 7, line 33), the titanium material is provided between an upper electrode 24A and a lower electrode 21, a contact window 32 is provided for the lower electrode and a second contact window 41 is provided on the titanium material layer for the upper electrode, wherein an interconnect material layer is provided over and inside each of the first and second contact windows, and the interconnect material that is provided over and inside the second contact window acts as an upper electrode (column 11, lines 47-49 and lines 62-64). Isobe fails to teach the titanium material layer includes at least one material selected from the group consisting of BaTIO₃, SrTIO₃, Ba_xSr_(1-x)TiO₃, and similar Group IIA metal titanate. Joo teaches the

titanium material layer includes at least one material selected from the group consisting of BaTlO₃, SrTlO₃, Ba_xSr_(1-x)TiO₃ (abstract). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Joo with that of Isobe because the invention of Joo provides an improved dielectric thin film capable of preventing leakage current in operation (Joo, abstract).

Isobe and Joo fail to teach a semiconductor device produced by a process including the step of etching at least one of the titanium material layer and the silicon oxide layer using an etchant, wherein the etchant includes a mixed liquid of HCI, NH₄F and H₂O; and setting a molar ratio of NH₄F/HCI in the mixed liquid, the molar ratio being set based on which of the at least one of the titanium material layer and the silicon oxide layer is to be etched, wherein the step of setting a molar ratio of NH₄F/HCI includes setting the molar ratio of NH4F/HCI to less than 1 in the case where the titanium material layer is to be etched, wherein the step of setting a molar ratio of NH₄F/HCI includes setting the molar ratio of NH₄F/HCI to less than 1 in the case where the silicon oxide layer is to be etched, wherein the step of setting a molar ratio of NH₄F/HCI includes setting the molar ratio of NH₄F/HCI in the range from about 0.8 to about 1.2 in the case where both the titanium material layer and the silicon oxide layer are to be etched.

However, according to the MPEP, Section 2113, "Even though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability

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is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process.

In re Thorpe, 777 F.2d 695, 698, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985) (citations omitted) (Claim was directed to a novolac color developer. The process of making the developer was allowed. The difference between the inventive process and the prior art was the addition of metal oxide and carboxylic acid as separate ingredients instead of adding the more expensive pre-reacted metal carboxylate. The product-by-process claim was rejected because the end product, in both the prior art and the allowed process, ends up containing metal carboxylate. The fact that the metal carboxylate is not directly added, but is instead produced in-situ does not change the end product.).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Quovaunda Jefferson whose telephone number is 571-272-5051. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 8AM to 4:30PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew Smith can be reached on 571-272-1907. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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